

VACCINATION BENEFITS IN TROUT HEALTH AND ITS ADDED VALUE TO FARM ECONOMICS



The **Reference** in **Prevention** for **Animal Health**

Rosa Merino Corporate Product Manager, Salmonids



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WHY TO VACCINATE?

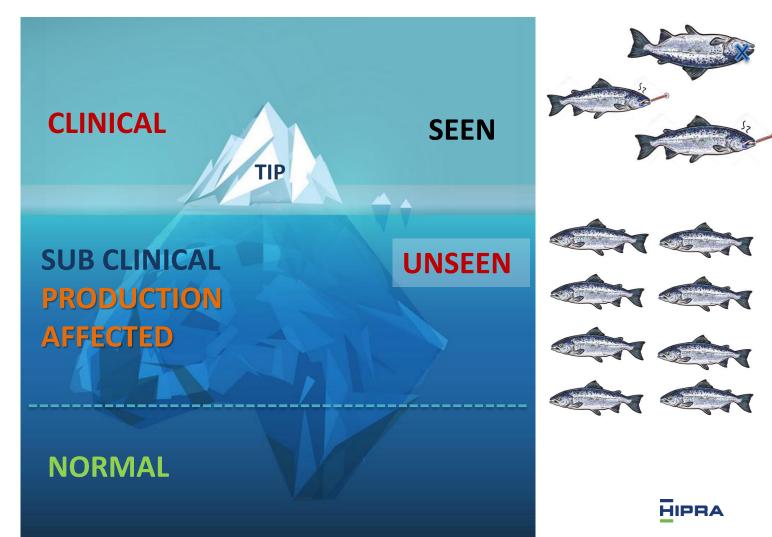






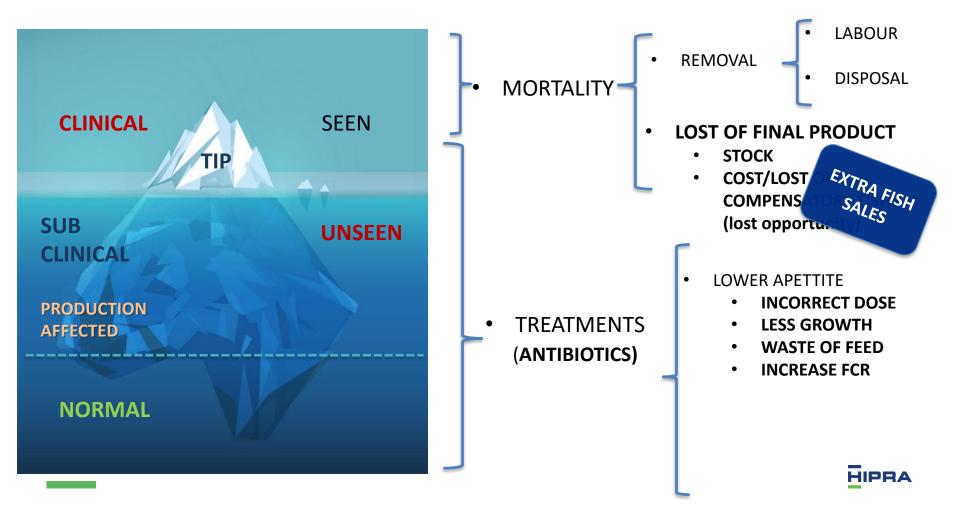
WHY TO VACCINATE

THE ICEBERG PHENOMENOM

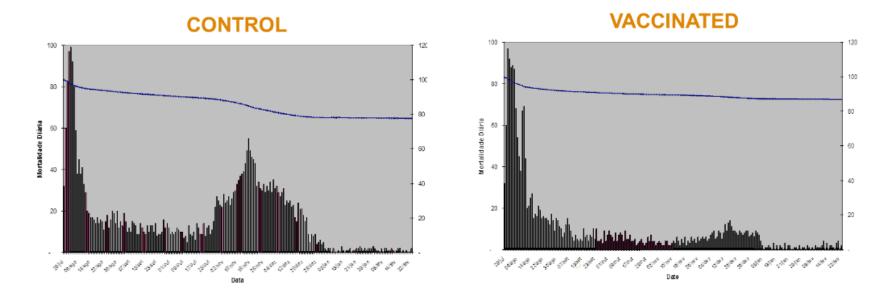


WHY TO VACCINATE

Because subclinical (silent) cases of most diseases are considerably more numerous than clinical cases in a herd, the economic cost of subclinical disease usually exceeds that of the clinical disease.



FCR

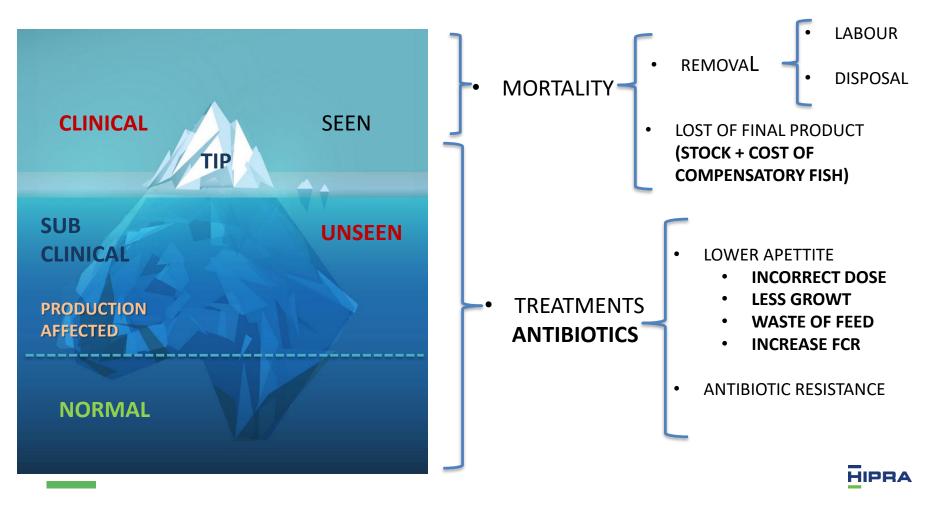


Low Pressure Farm S. agalactiae	Final Production Data			
	% Survival	FCR		
Vacinated Group	87%	1.75		
Control Group	78 %	1.96		
Difference	9 %	0.21		

L. Sheng , 2017: Tilapia vaccination trials

WHY TO VACCINATE

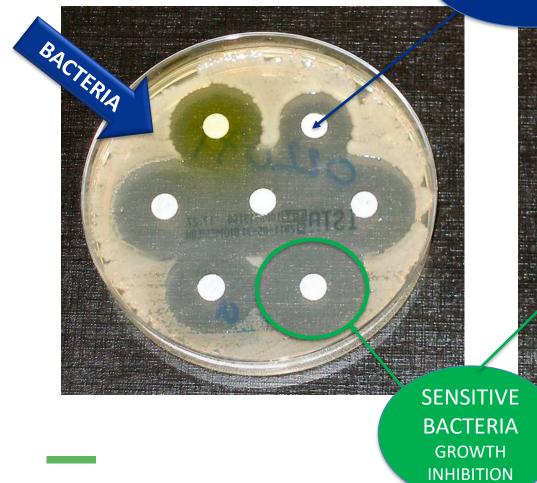
Because subclinical (silent) cases of most diseases are considerably more numerous than clinical cases in a herd, the economic cost of subclinical disease usually exceeds that of the clinical disease.



ANTIBIOTIC RESISTENCY

ANTIBIOGRAM

ANTIBIOTIC DISCS



PARCIAL SENSITIVITY RESISTANCE

HIPRA

antibiotic EU legislation							
Todo	Imágenes	Noticias	Vídeos	Shopping	Más	Configuración	Herramienta

Aproximadamente 1.940.000 resultados (0,49 segundos)

EU passes new **antibiotic legislation**. **European** Parliament backs plans to halt spread of drug resistance from animals to humans. The **European** Parliament adopted Oct. 25 plans to limit the use of **antibiotics** on farms in the **European Union** in order to keep food free from resistant bacteria. 26 oct. 2018



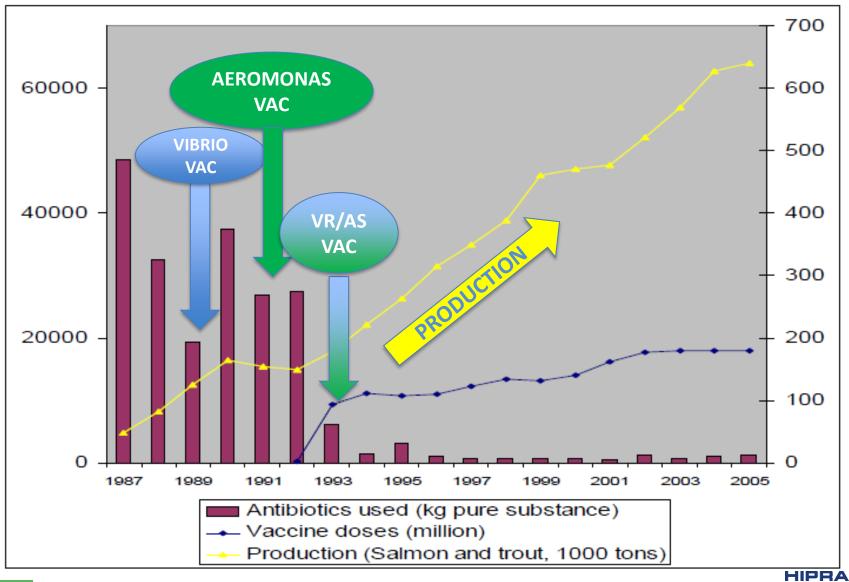
European Union passes new antibiotics legislation | Feedstuffs https://www.feedstuffs.com/news/eu-passes-new-antibiotic-legislation



- Prevent disease
- Improve survival rates
- Improve FCR, reduce feed cost
- Increase total harvest biomass



KEY BENEFITS OF VACCINES

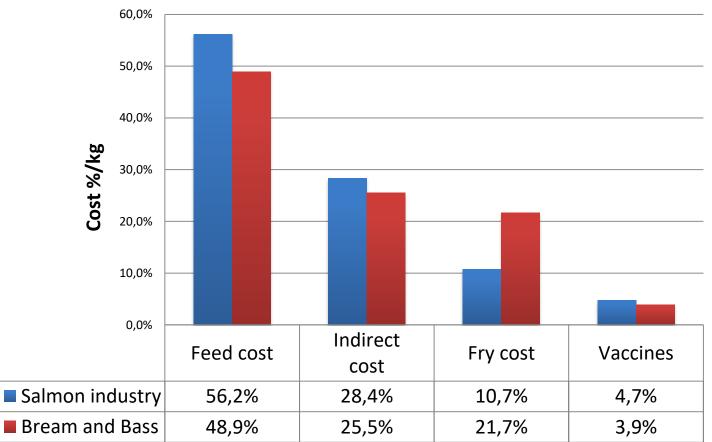


Marine Harvest: 2017 Annual industry report

- Prevent disease
- Improve survival rates
- Improve FCR, reduce feed cost
- Increase total harvest biomass
- Improve production efficiency
- Better return on investments
- Farm economic sustainability

WHY TO VACCINATE?

Cost breakdown in %/Kg



Thorarinsson and Powell, 2006: Effects of disease risk, vaccine efficacy, and market price on the economics of fish vaccination

HIPRA

VACCINATION cost

- BATCH: 500.000
- Hatching: 10% losses 450.000 eggs remaining
- Fry to juvenile: (10-20)% losses: 405.000 juveniles
 - Mainly due to RTFS and other parasitic diseases
- Juvenile to market size (300-400g) BIOMASS: 405.000 fish*300g
 >121mT
 - Vaccination cost for 405.000 fish (<u>oil-based</u>
 <u>vaccine</u>+application):
 - rapplication).
 - Intraperitoneal injection
 - Commercial vaccine
 - Non-mineral oil-based



VACCINATION cost

NON-VACCINATED

- Biomass 121 mT
 - 405.000 fish of 300 grams
- *L. garvieae* outbreak at 18-20°C
- Outbreak of 40% mortality= 162.000 dead fish

VACCINATED

- Biomass 121 mT
 - 405.000 fish of 300 grams
- L. garvieae outbreak at 18-20°C
- mortality= Outbreak of 5 % mortality = 20.250 dead fish



VACCINATION break-even point

- By having just one *L. garvieae* outbreak, the inversion in vaccine is cost effective
- No matter if the oubreak causes only 20% mortality:
 - Losses: 24.300 Kg= 48.600 €/ 294.000 TL (only taking into account biomass)
 - Vaccination cost: 3.037 €/ 18.377 TL
 - Cost of lost opportunity with no vaccination (81.000 dead fish, 400 g fish)
 - 64.800 €/ 392.000 TL
 - Vaccine of choice adjuvanted vaccine
 - Non-mineral oil based vaccine causes less side effects

- Excluding: Egg / Fry cost, Feed cost, hand labour, treatments...

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CHOOSING THE RIGHT VACCINE







VACCINATION METHODS

 Oral vaccination: mass vaccination, uncertain dose/ poor effiency.

- Immersion vaccination Size fish 1- 5g
- Dip method:
 - 30s
 - 1:10 solution
- Bath method:
 - >1 hours
 - 1:100 solution

- Injection vaccination _____
 Size fish > 15g
- Intramuscular
- Intraperitoneal



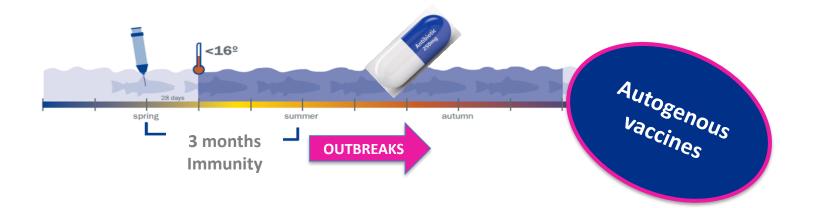


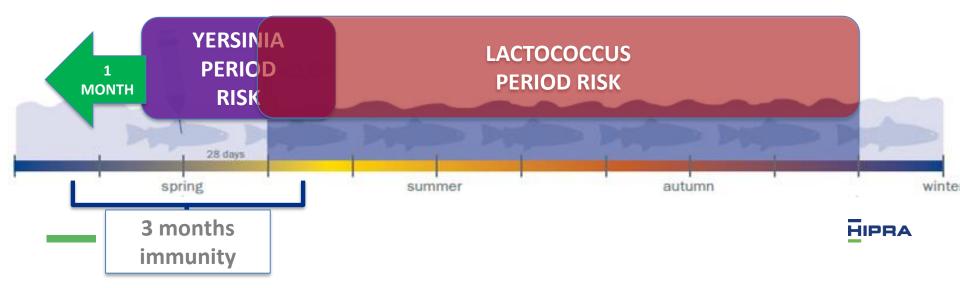
- Every fish in the population has received the vaccine and at the correct dose
- Longer duration of protection than immersion vaccines



INTRAPERITONEAL VACCINES

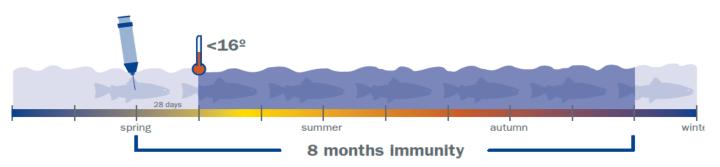
Intraperitoneal : WATER BASED VACCINES





INTRAPERITONEAL VACCINES

- Intraperitoneal ADJUVANTED VACCINES
 - Adjuvant helps to transport the vaccine antigens and at the same time stimulate non-specific defence mechanisms
 - Enhance specific immune response: Stronger and longer



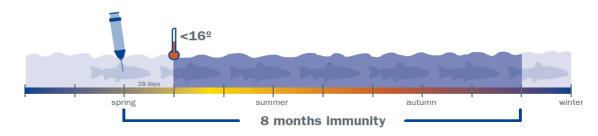




INTRAPERITONEAL VACCINES

ECONOMICAL BENEFITS OF A LONG LASTING IMMUNITY

- 1. Better survival
 - Better Harvest
 - Reduced man labour picking up/ disposing mortalities
- 2. Reduced number of outbreaks
 - Better growth
 - Reduced treatments
 - Avoid withdrawal period pre-harvest
 - Reduced discarded fish at slaughter







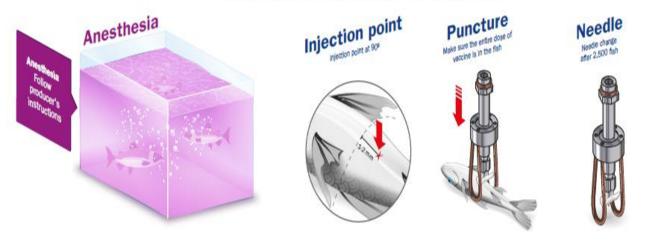
HOW TO IP VACCINATE





PRE VACCINATION CONSIDERATIONS

- Health status: NEVER EVER vaccine sick fish
- Starvation before vaccination (reduce stress)
- Biosecurity: Desinfection of table and equipment



 $\textbf{0.1}\ \textbf{ml}$ single dose in fish larger than $15\text{g}\pm3\text{g}$

ANESTHESIA

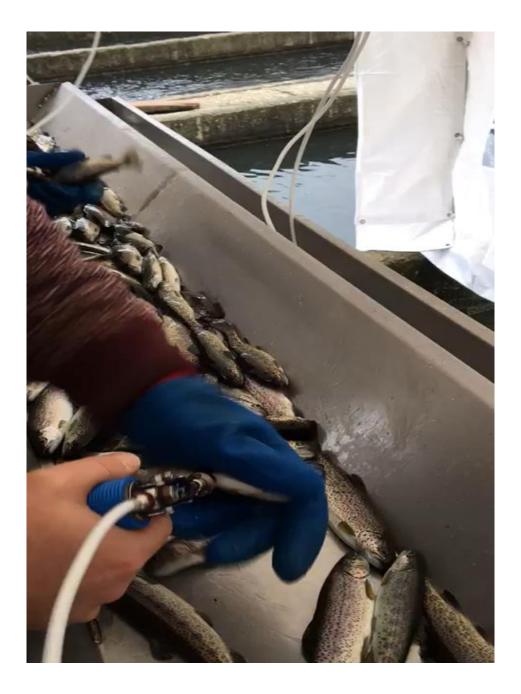




VACCINATION TABLE AND EQUIPMENT

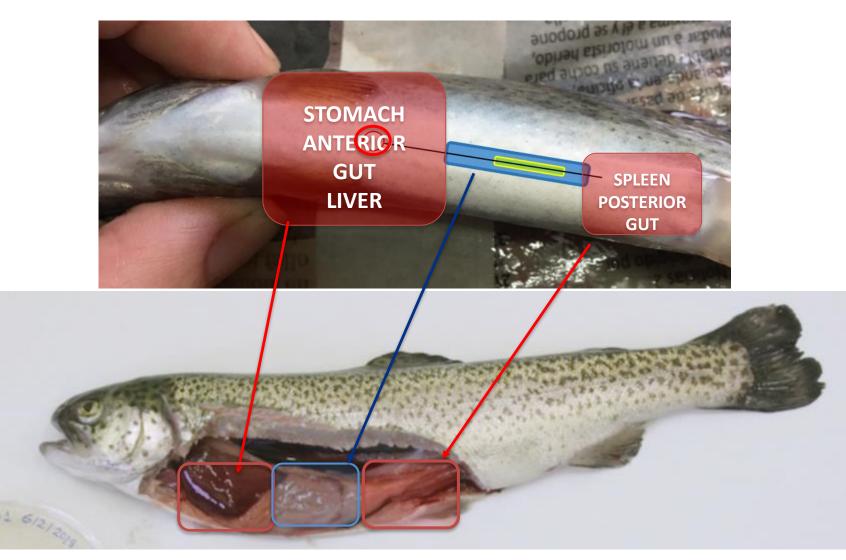








INJECTION POINT



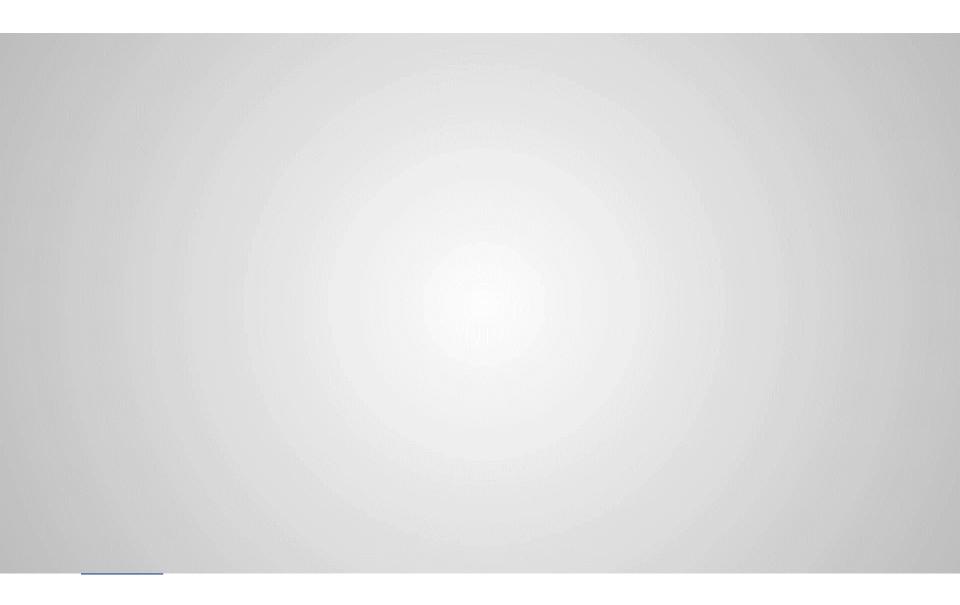




WHAT WE DO







WHERE WE ARE





OUR VISION

Strategic Positioning

The Reference in Prevention:

- 80% of sales in vaccines.
- Own Diagnos service, with which we provide technical service to our clients.
- Fish Health Technical Service for our clients



- Biosecurity measures incl. vaccines, are necessary parts of aquatic animal health management
- Adjuvanted vaccines promote a long lasting immune response which gives the industry a beneficial cost/benefit ratio:
 - Ensure growth
 - Improve QUALITY of final product
 - Reduce mortalities
 - Improve QUANTITY of final product









Teşekkür ederim



The **Reference** / in **Prevention** for **Animal Health**